

APNIC Whois v3

Database Tutorial

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Introduction

- Presenters

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Overview

- APNIC whois database
- The *Whois*^{v3} database
- RPSL
- Changes with v3
- Querying the database
- Database updates
- APNIC IRR

What is the APNIC Database?

- Public network management database
 - Operated by IRs
- Tracks network resources
 - IP addresses, ASNs, Reverse Domains, Routing policies
- Records administrative information
 - Contact information (persons/roles)
 - Authorisation

Object Types

OBJECT

person

role

inetnum

inet6num

aut-num

as-set

domain

route

mntner

PURPOSE

contact persons

contact groups/roles

IPv4 addresses

IPv6 addresses

Autonomous System number

group of autonomous systems

reverse domains

prefixes being announced

(maintainer) database authorisation

Maintainers, Inetnum Objects & Person Objects



```
mntner:  
MAINT-WF-EX  
...  
...
```

Data protection

```
inetnum:  
202.64.10.0 – 202.64.10.255  
...  
admin-c: KX17-AP  
tech-c: ZU-AP  
...  
mnt-by: MAINT-WF-EX  
...
```

IPv4 addresses

```
person:  
...  
nic-hdl: KX17-AP  
...
```

Contact info

```
person:  
...  
nic-hdl: ZU3-AP  
...
```

Contact info

Why Use the Database?

- Register use of Internet Resources
 - IP assignments, reverse DNS, etc
 - Ascertain *custodianship* of a resource
 - *Fulfill responsibilities as resource holder*
- Obtain details of *technical contacts* for a network
 - Investigate security incidents
 - Track source of network abuse or “spam” email

Questions?



Introduction to *Whoisv3*

Database Upgrade

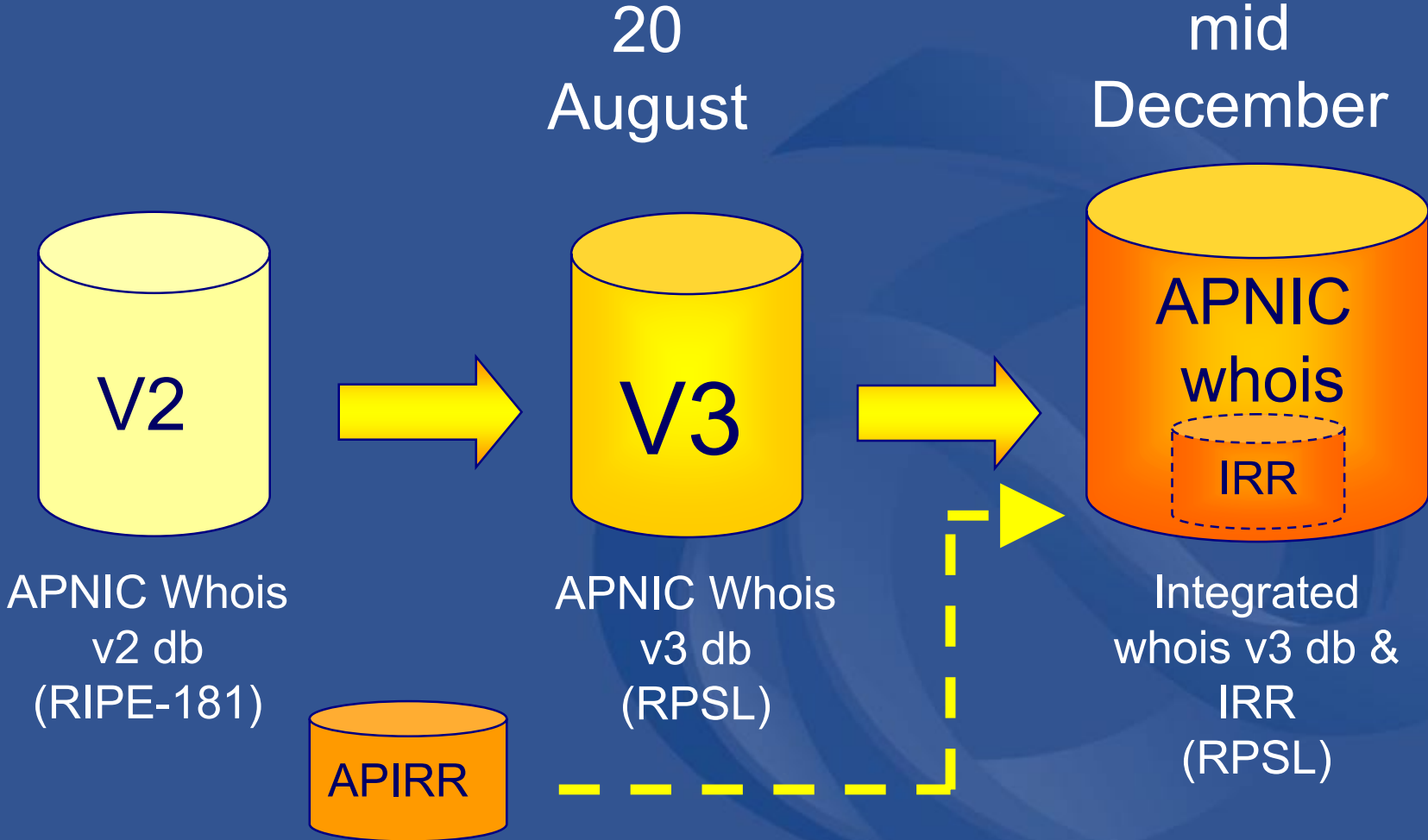
From: owner-apnic-announce@lists.apnic.net On Behalf Of APNIC Secretariat
Sent: Tuesday, August 13, 2002 6:07 PM
To: apnic-announce@lists.apnic.net
Cc: sig-db@lists.apnic.net
Subject: [apnic-announce] APNIC Whois Database Upgrade - 20 August 2002

APNIC Whois Database Upgrade - 20 August 2002

Dear Colleague,

This is a reminder that the APNIC Whois Database will be upgraded to RIPE v3 database software on Tuesday 20 August 2002. All records in the APNIC Whois Database will be migrated to the new version at this time.

Database Upgrade Time Line

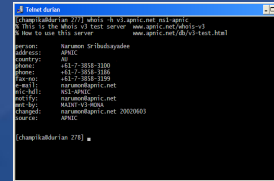


Why WhoisV3 ?

- RPSL compliant database
- Enhanced security and syntax checking
- Better operational platform
 - (response time, enhanced mirroring)
- Richer query options
- Software platform to support one of APNIC's future task as Internet Routing Registry

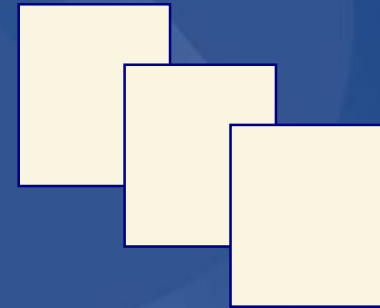
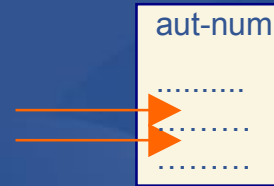
What are the Changes ?

- Command interface
 - More options
- Object attributes
- New Objects
 - Especially related to RPSL




```
ChangL@lablin:~$ curl -s 'http://www.apnic.net/db/v1-test.html'
% Total % Received % Xferd  Average Speed   Time    Time     Time  Current
                                 Dload  Upload   Total   Spent    Left  Speed
100% 100%  1024  1024KB/s  0:00:00 0:00:00 0:00:00 1024KB/s

aut-num:          192.0.2.0/24
admin-c:          CHANGL
tech-c:           CHANGL
status:           active
mnt-by:           APNIC
notify:           changl@apnic.net
changed:          20090603
source:           apnic
```



Better Functionality

- Security and Authorisation 
 - PGP signed updates possible
- Advanced query options
- Updating procedures
- Mirroring procedures

Facts About the Upgrade

- Full upgrade from v2 to **v3** took place 20 August 2002.
- All data successfully converted to RPSL compliant data
- Near-real-time mirrors (NRTM) of Whois data

Questions?



RPSL

Routing Policy Specification Language

What is RPSL?

- Routing Policy Specification Language
 - Object based language
- Based on RIPE-181
 - Uses type:value notation to represent objects
- IETF Proposed standard
 - RFC 2622

Features of RPSL

- Support the exchange of complex routing policy information between ISPs in a secure and openly agreed manner



- ISPs can configure filters for their boarder routers, or check router configurations against routing policies

Why RPSL ?



- More powerful language
 - RPSL is more expressive than RIPE-181
 - Policies can be expressed at the AS level
- Policies can be detailed – router configurations


Objects in RPSL

- Format of RPSL is similar to RIPE-181
- RPSL vs. RIPE-181
 - Line continuation possible
 - Space, tab, +
 - Comments
 - Begin with #
 - Can be anywhere inside an object
 - But cannot start at the beginning of a line (column 0)

Objects in RPSL

- Object ends at blank line (`\n\n`)
- The order of attributes is flexible
- Empty attributes not allowed
- Empty attributes are not removed

Objects in RPSL

- RPSL vs. RIPE-181
 - No prefix notation for inetnum objects
 - Range notation only accepted
 - Example: `a.b.c.d<space>-<space>w.x.y.z`
 - Some attributes are now mandatory
 - *Mnt-by is mandatory in all objects* 

Questions?

Changes with *Whoisv3*

Whoisv3 Database Objects

- RPSL syntax extensions apply to all objects
 - end of line comments, line continuation, order of attributes etc
- New objects
 - as-block, as-set (as-macro), route-set (community)
 - peering-set, filter-set, rtr-set
- New attributes
 - member-of, mbrs-by-ref, mnt-routes, referral-by

Modified Object: Maintainer Object

```
mntner:      MAINT-WF-EX
descr:      Maintainer for ExampleNet Service Provider
country:    WF
admin-c:    ZU3-AP
tech-c:     KX17-AP
upd-to:     kxander@example.com
mnt-nfy:    kxander@example.com
auth:       CRYPT-PW apHJ9zF3o
mnt-by:     MAINT-WF-EX
referral-by: MAINT-APNIC-AP
changed:    kxander@example.com 20020731
source:     APNIC
```



New in
V3!

- **referral-by:** <mntner-name>
 - required in the mntner object
 - refers to the maintainer that created this maintainer

Modified Object: Inetnum Object

range notation

```
inetnum:      169.216.0.0 - 169.216.255.255
netname:      V3TEST-INETNUM
descr:        V3 Test Inetnum Object
descr:        Created by Miwa Fujii at APNIC
country:      AU
admin-c:      NS94-APNIC
tech-c:       NS94-APNIC
status:       ALLOCATED PORTABLE
remarks:      V3 TEST Inetnum Object
notify:       miwa@apnic.net
mnt-by:       APNIC-HM
mnt-lower:    MAINT-AU-V3TEST
changed:      hm-changed@apnic.net 20020704
source:       APNIC
```

mandatory in v3!

Modified Object: Aut-num

```
aut-num:      as64850
as-name:      FIRST-AS-MONA
descr:        a test asn assigned
import:       from AS10097 accept ANY
import:       from as9514 accept ANY
export:       to AS10097 announce AS64850
export:       to AS9514 announce AS64850
admin-c:      NS1-APNIC
tech-c:       NS2-APNIC
mnt-by:       MAINT-V3-MONA
changed:      hm-changed@apnic.net 20020613
source:       APNIC
```

routing policy



*

* replaces “as-in” and “as-out”

New Object : as-set

- Previously as-macro
 - Defines a set of aut-num objects
 - The "as-set:" attribute defines the name of the set
 - The "members:" attribute lists the members of the set
- Represents list of AS numbers or other as-set names

New Object : as-set

- whois -t as-set

as-set:	[mandatory]	[single]	[primary/look-up key]
descr:	[mandatory]	[multiple]	
members:	[optional]	[multiple]	
mbrs-by-ref:	[optional]	[multiple]	[inverse key]
remarks:	[mandatory]	[multiple]	[inverse key]
admin-c:	[mandatory]	[multiple]	[inverse key]
notify:	[optional]	[multiple]	[inverse key]
mnt-by:	[mandatory]	[multiple]	[inverse key]
changed:	[mandatory]	[multiple]	
source:	[mandatory]	[single]	

New in V3!

as-macro in RIPE-181
as-list in RIPE-181

New Object: as-block



- Defines a range of AS numbers delegated to a given repository (RIR or NIR)
- Authorisation of the creation of **aut-num** objects within the range specified by the "as-block:" attribute
- *as-block:* <as-number> - <as-number>
 - Specifies the range of ASNs that the **as-block** object represents

As-block Template



- whois -t as-block

as-block:	[mandatory]	[single]	[primary/look-up key]
descr:	[optional]	[multiple]	
remarks:	[optional]	[multiple]	
tech-c:	[mandatory]	[multiple]	[inverse key]
admin-c:	[mandatory]	[multiple]	[inverse key]
notify:	[optional]	[multiple]	[inverse key]
mnt-lower:	[optional]	[multiple]	[inverse key]
mnt-by:	[mandatory]	[multiple]	[inverse key]
changed:	[mandatory]	[multiple]	
source:	[mandatory]	[single]	

Common Errors – Aut-num object

- Creating an aut-num outside ‘as-block’

Date: Wed, 31 Jul 2002 13:20:00 +1000
From APNIC Whois Management <auto-dbm@apnic.net>
To: kxander@example.com

Subject: FAILED: EXAMPLENET-AS Create AS1#13

Part of your update FAILED

For help see <<http://www.apnic.net/db/>> or send a message to auto-dbm@apnic.net

With 'help' in the subject line

New FAILED: [autnum] AS1

Authorisation failed, request forwarded to maintainer

```
aut-num:      AS1
as-name:     EXAMPLENET-AS
descr:      AS For ExampleNet Internet Service Provider
country:    WF
import:     FROM AS2 ACCEPT ANY
import:     FROM AS3 ACCEPT ANY
export:     TO AS2 ANNOUNCE AS1
export:     TO AS3 ANNOUNCE AS1
admin-c:    ZU3-AP
notify:     kxander@example.com
changed:    kxander@example.com 20020731
source:     APNIC
```

Questions?



WhoisV3 Database Queries

Basic Database Queries

1. Unix

- `whois -h whois.apnic.net <lookup key>`

2. Web interface

- <http://www.apnic.net/apnic-bin/whois2.pl>

- Look-up keys

- usually the object name

- Check the object template for look-up keys

- `whois -t <object type>`



Queries

- Primary and Lookup keys

- Performed as an argument to a query
 - <ip-lookup>
 - <as-number>
 - <as-number> - <as-number>
 - <domain-name>
 - <person-name>
 - <set-name>
 - <nic-handle>
 - <mntner-name>



Database Query - UNIX

```
% whois zulrich@example.com
```

```
% whois zu3-ap
```

```
% whois "zane ulrich"
```

```
person:          Zane Ulrich
address:         ExampleNet Service Provider
address:         2 Pandora St Boxville
address:         Wallis and Futuna Islands
country:         WF
phone:           +680-368-0844
fax-no:          +680-367-1797
e-mail:          zulrich@example.com
nic-hdl:         ZU3-AP
mnt-by:          MAINT-WF-EXAMPLENET
changed:         zulrich@example.com 20020731
source:         APNIC
```

DB Query – Person Object

```
[xx1@durian]whois -h whois.apnic.net kx17-ap
```

```
% Rights restricted by copyright.
```

```
See http://www.apnic.net/db/dbcopyright.html
```

```
person:          Ky Xander
address:         ExampleNet Service Provider
address:         2 Pandora St Boxville
address:         Wallis and Futuna Islands
country:         WF
phone:           +680-368-0844
fax-no:          +680-367-1797
e-mail:          kxander@example.com
nic-hdl:         KX17-AP
mnt-by:          MAINT-WF-EXAMPLINET
changed:         kxander@example.com 20020731
source:         APNIC
```


DB Query – Maintainer Object

```
[xx1@durian]whois -h whois.apnic.net MAINT-WF-EX
```

```
% Rights restricted by copyright.
```

```
See http://www.apnic.net/db/dbcopyright.html
```

```
mntner:          MAINT-WF-EX
descr:          Maintainer for ExampleNet Service Provider
country:        WF
admin-c:        ZU3-AP
tech-c:         KX17-AP
upd-to:         kxander@example.com
mnt-nfy:        kxander@example.com
auth:           CRYPT-PW apHJ9zF3o
mnt-by:         MAINT-WF-EX
referral-by:    MAINT-APNIC-AP
changed:        kxander@example.com 20020731
source:         APNIC
```

IP Address Queries

- **inetnum, inet6num** store information about ranges of IP addresses
- Default lookup for IP ranges
 - When no flags are specified whois server will try to find an *exact* match for that range
 - `whois -h whois.apnic.net 202.64.0.0`

IP Address Queries



- More and less specific queries
 - ("-M", "-m", "-L" and "-l")
- -l <ip-lookup>
 - Returns first level less specific **inetnum**, **inet6num** excluding exact matches
 - whois -l [customer's IP range]
- -L <ip-lookup>
 - Returns all level less specific **inetnum**, **inet6num** including exact matches.



IP Address Queries

- -m <ip-lookup>
 - Returns first level more specific **inetnum**, **inet6num** excluding exact matches.
- -M<ip-lookup>
 - Returns all level more specific **inetnum**, **inet6num** excluding exact matches.

IP Address Lookups

- `-x<ip-lookup>` 
 - Only an exact match on a prefix
 - If no exact match is found, no objects are returned
 - *whois -x [IP range]*
- `-d <ip-lookup>` 
 - Enables use of the "-m", "-M", "-l" and "-L" flags for lookups on reverse delegation domains.

Database Query - inetnum

whois -l 202.64.0.0 /20

*Less specific →
(= bigger block)*

inetnum:
202.0.0.0 – 202.255.255.255

202.0.0.0/8

whois 202.64.0.0 /20

inetnum:
202.64.0.0 – 202.64.15.255

202.64.0.0/20

whois -m 202.64.0.0 /20

*More specific →
(= smaller blocks)*

inetnum:

202.64.10.0/24

inetnum:

202.64.12.128/25

inetnum:

202.64.15.192/26

Database Query - Inetnum

whois -L 202.64.0.0 /20
(all less specific)



202.0.0.0/8

whois -l 202.64.0.0 /20
(1 level less specific)



202.64.0.0/16

whois 202.64.0.0 /20



202.64.0.0/20

whois -m 202.64.0.0 /20
(1 level more specific)



202.64.10.0/24

whois -m 202.64.0.0 /20
(all more specific)



202.64.10.192/26

Inverse Queries

- Inverse queries are performed on inverse keys
 - *See object template (whois -t)*
- Returns all objects that reference the object with the key specified as a query argument
 - Practical when searching for objects in which a particular value is referenced, such as your nic-hdl

Inverse Queries - Syntax

- whois -i <attribute> <value>
 - -i <admin-c> <nic-handle>
 - -i <person> <person-name>
 - -i <mnt-by> <mntner-name>
 - -i <notify> <e-mail>
 - -i <nserver> <ip-lookup>

Inverse Queries - Examples

- `whois -i tech-c KX17-AP`
 - *all objects with tech-c KX17-AP*
- `whois -i admin-c,tech-c,zone-c -T domain KX17-AP`
 - *all domain objects with admin-c, tech-c or zone-c KX17-AP*
- `whois -ipn KX17-AP`
 - *all objects referencing KX17-AP*
- `whois -i mnt-by MAINT-WF-EX`
 - *All objects maintained by MAINT-WF-EX*
- `whois -i notify kxander@example.com`
 - *All objects with the notify kxander@example.com*



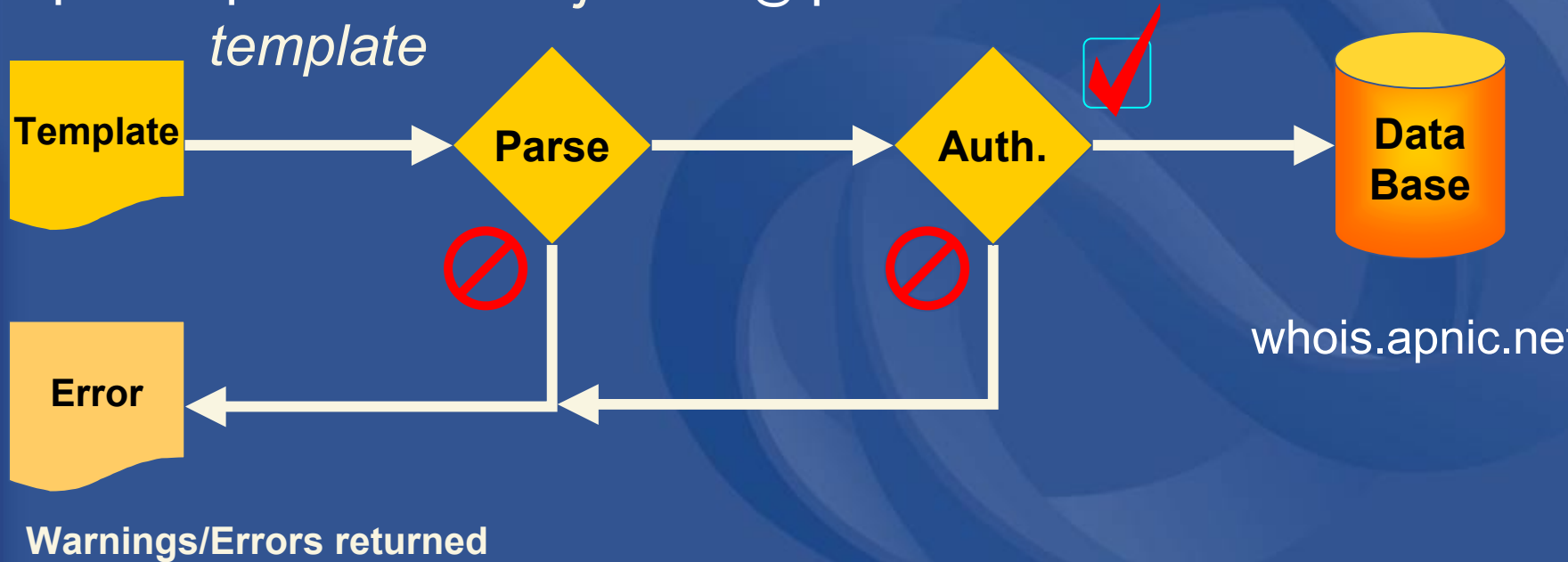
Questions?

Whoisv3 Database Updates

Database Update Process

- Email requests to <auto-dbm@apnic.net>
- Each request

Update Request contains an object template





Updates In the v3 Database

- Create, modify or delete
- MIME support
 - text/plain, application/pgp-signature, application/pgp
 - multipart/mixed, multipart/alternative,
 - multipart/signed, message/rfc822
 - each MIME part is treated as a separate submission

Object Processing

– Server Checks

- Verifies that the syntax of an object is correct
- Verifies that the object passes authorisation checks 
- Verifies that all references can be resolved without conflicts 

Object Processing

– Server Checks

- Verifies that the operation does not compromise referential integrity
 - the deletion of an object
 - To ensure that it is not referenced from any other object in the database
- Verifies that the requested nic-hdl is not in use and can be allocated
 - Only for the creation of **person** or **role** objects that request a particular NIC handle

RPS Security

- Routing Policy System Security
 - RFC 2725
- Stronger, hierarchical authorisation and authentication
- Protect your database objects!
 - Request for mntner object



Maintainer Object - Example

```
mntner:          MAINT-WF-EX
descr:          Maintainer for ExampleNet Service Provider
country:        WF
admin-c:        ZU3-AP
tech-c:         KX17-AP
upd-to:         kxander@example.com
mnt-nfy:        kxander@example.com
auth:           CRYPT-PW apHJ9zF3o
mnt-by:         MAINT-WF-EX
referral-by:    MAINT-APNIC-AP
changed:        kxander@example.com 20020731
source:         APNIC
```

- The mntner object provides data protection for other objects

Maintainer Object Attributes

- **upd-to** (mandatory)
 - notification for failed updates
- **mnt-nfy** (optional, **encouraged**)
 - works like notify but for all objects that reference this **mntner**
- **mnt-by** (mandatory)
 - can reference the object itself
- **referral-by** (mandatory)
 - references **mntner** object that created this object



New in
V3!

Authentication Methods



- 'auth' attribute
 - <none>
 - **Strongly discouraged!**
 - Email
 - Very weak authentication. Discouraged
 - Crypt-PW
 - Crypt (Unix) password encryption
 - Use web page to create your maintainer
 - PGP – GNUPG
 - Strong authentication
 - Requires PGP keys
 - MD5
 - Soon available

mnt-by & mnt-lower

- ‘mnt-by’ attribute
 - Can be used to protect any object
 - Changes to protected object must satisfy authentication rules of ‘mntner’ object.
- ‘mnt-lower’ attribute
 - Also references mntner object
 - Hierarchical authorisation for inetnum, inet6num & domain objects
 - The creation of child objects must satisfy this mntner
 - Protects against unauthorised updates to an allocated range

highly
recommended!

Authentication/Authorisation



- APNIC allocation to member

```
Inetnum:      203.146.96.0 - 203.146.127.255
netname:      LOXINFO-TH
descr:        Loxley Information Company Ltd.
Descr:        304 Suapah Rd, Promprab, Bangkok
country:      TH
admin-c:      KS32-AP
tech-c:       CT2-AP
mnt-by:     APNIC-HM
mnt-lower: LOXINFO-IS
changed:      hostmaster@apnic.net 19990714
source:       APNIC
```

Only APNIC can change this object

Authentication/Authorisation



- Member assignment to customer

```
Inetnum: 203.146.113.64 - 203.146.113.127
netname: SINED-SCC-TH
descr: NIC me Sukhothai Commercial College
Country: TH
admin-c: SI10-AP
tech-c: VP5-AP
mnt-by: LOXINFO-IS
changed: voraluck@loxinfo.co.th 19990930
source: APNIC
```

Only LOXINFO-IS can change this object



Common Errors

- Incorrect password

Date: Wed, 31 Jul 2002 13:20:00 +1000
From APNIC Whois Management <auto-dbm@apnic.net>
To: kxander@example.com

Subject: FAILED: FW: Update MAINT-WF-EX with an Incorrect password

Part of your update FAILED

For help see <<http://www.apnic.net/db/>> or send a message to auto-dbm@apnic.net

With 'help' in the subject line

**Update FAILED: [mntner] MAINT-WF-EX
Authorisation failed, request forwarded to maintainer**

mntner: MAINT-WF-EX
descr: Maintainer for ExampleNet Service Provider
country: WF
admin-c: ZU3-AP
tech-c: KX17-AP
upd-to: kxander@example.com
mnt-nty: kxander@example.com
auth: CRYPT-PW apHJ9zF3o
referral-by: MAINT-APNIC-AP
changed: kxander@example.com 20020731
source: APNIC

Questions?



APNIC Routing Registry

Available mid December 2002

Why a Routing Registry?

- Filtering routing announcements between
 - Peering networks
 - A provider and its customer
- Faster network trouble shooting
- Useful to create router configuration
 - Using tools such as RtConfig
 - (<ftp://ftp.ripe.net/tools/IRRToolSet>)
- Long term:
 - Global view of routing policy - Improves integrity of Internet's routing as a whole.

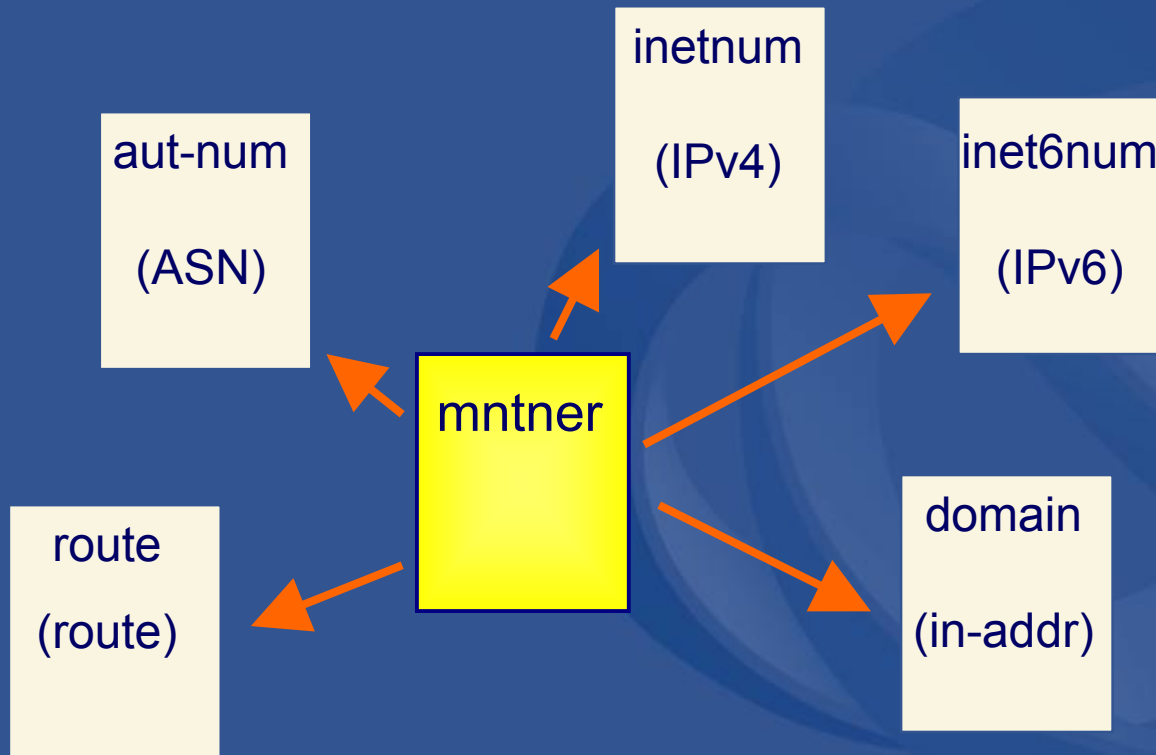


RADB (<http://www.radb.net>)

- Many ISPs use the RADB
 - to debug routing problems
 - automatically configure backbone routers
 - perform network planning
- Internet operators also use the RADB
 - to generate access lists for both inbound and outbound connections
 - providing defense against bogus routes and unintentional routing leaks

Benefits of APNIC RR

- One maintainer to manage
 - Internet resources (IPv4, IPv6, ASN)
 - reverse DNS (in-addr.arpa, ip6.arpa) and
 - routing information

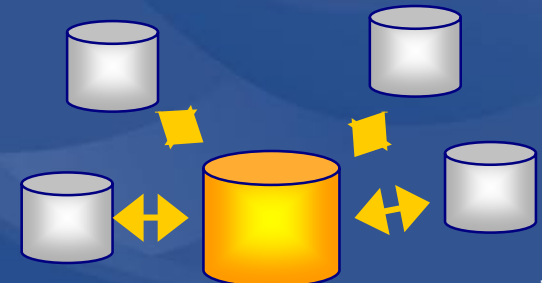


Benefits of APNIC RR (2)

- Data integrity
 - APNIC able to assert resources within a registered route from APNIC resource allocations.
- Free to APNIC members.

Service Scope

- Routing Information Queries
 - From regular whois clients
 - From special purpose programs
 - such as IRRToolSet
 - From APNIC whois web interface
- Support & Maintenance
 - Similar to maintenance of Internet resources
 - Support available through APNIC helpdesk
 - Included in members training
- Mirroring
 - Widespread mirroring



IRR Attributes and Objects

New attributes

- mnt-routes
 - inetnum & aut-num
 - member-of
 - cross-mnt
 - cross-nfy
 - mnt-lower
- } aut-num

IRR Objects

- route
- aut-num
- inet-rtr
- as-set
- route-set
- peering-set
- filter-set
- rtr-set

(Already available in v3 but only useful in IRR)

Availability

- APNIC already maintains routing information currently stored in
 - Whois v3
 - based on RIPE-181 format
 - APIRR
 - pilot IRR service
- APNIC Routing Registry service available mid December 2002

Questions?

Thank you