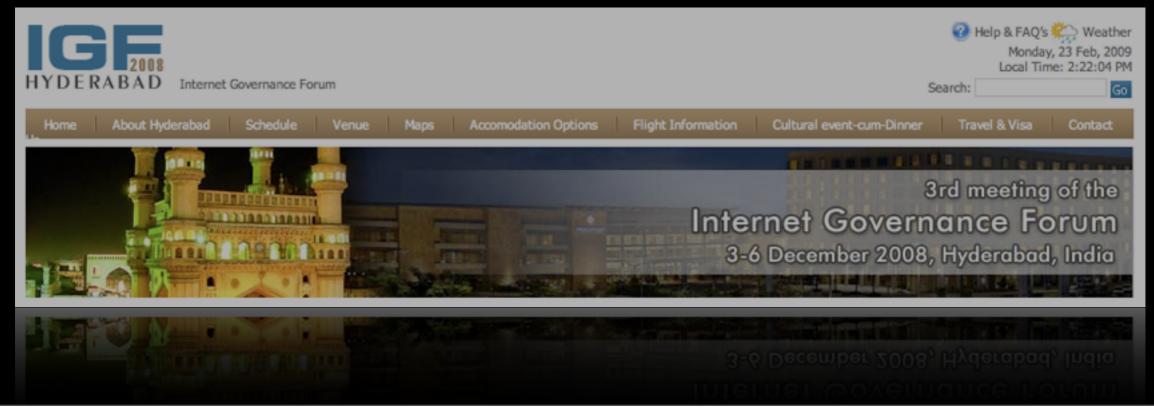
A newcomer's impressions on IGF 2008

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Outline

- How I was able to attend
- Important points I learned in the meeting
- My thoughts on IGF 2008

How I was able to attend

- APNIC's fellowship program Internet Governance Forum at Hyderabad, India
- These fellowship programs are very useful for countries such as the Philippines because the travel fund is usually a problem for us





- IXs have a very big impact in optimizing domestic routing
- "No single government in the world should govern any critical internet resource"
- Distribution of IP addresses was uneven throughout the world. Prioritization should be done for the remaining IPv4 addresses

- The Philippines is not the only country wherein the ccTLD is not controlled by the government
- Sometimes government control of ccTLDs, is good.

– sometimes it is NOT so good

- Difficult to locate SPAM in the legal framework of things
- Both a legal and technical solution is needed to combat this

IT laws from other countries are an important basis in crafting local laws
but the "local realities" need to be considered

- There are two groups who run the Internet:
 - the technical people who "run" it
 - the policy people who try to regulate it

- Time needs to be given to research on Internet access of disabled people
- About 5 billion people in the planet still do not have access to the internet

- There are some entities in the Internet that are considered as "gatekeepers"
- These so-called gatekeepers have a considerable amount of power in influencing the information that is given back to users
 - Are ISPs gatekeepers?
 - Are content providers gatekeepers?

 A question was raised on Google collaborating with the Chinese government in filtering content inside China's great firewall

- Google answered back that they need IGF in order for international policies to be put into place to shield them from such demands

- Some commented that Google should open up its search algorithm to public scrutiny since it is basically filtering our access to information
- Some said that filtering should not be done at all
 - Information should be freely available to anyone

 A multi-stakeholder model was adopted at IGF, as opposed to WSIS (its predecessor) wherein there was a comment that not all voices were represented

- There was an observation on how things are decided on the Internet
- Technical people write the RFCs and technical documents, and sometimes, they do not think about the political/ economic/social consequences of their proposals

- The politicians sometimes decide on something they do not really fully understand based on the over-simplification of the technical write-ups
- They said the divide on these competencies should be bridged, and the IGF is a good forum to bridge this gap

My thoughts on IGF 2008

- There was a comment that the IGF was more of a talk shop
- Someone mentioned that the IGF being a talk shop depended on those that attended it

My thoughts on IGF 2008

 If an attendee went to IGF 2008, listened to the arguments, then came back to his country and did nothing to improve the Internet locally, then indeed, that attendee is a contributor to IGF being branded as a talk shop

My thoughts on IGF 2008

• The IGF is a good forum for Internet decision makers to meet and discuss the future of the Internet

Thank you.